2-2 Study Guide Animal Adaptations: Body Parts

Write the definitions of the following vocabulary words:

adaptations - body parts or behaviors that help an animal meet its needs in its environment

camouflage - an animal's color or pattern that helps it blend in with its
surroundings

mimicry - an adaptation in which an animal looks very much like another animal or an object

Name 5 bird adaptations: (possible answers)

<u>beaks</u> <u>hollow bones</u> <u>talons/claws</u> <u>size of an owl's eyes</u>
long legs for running wings to fly wings as flippers feathers

Name the beak that would belong to the bird that eats the following foods.

fruit: short, stubby beak

seeds: thick, heavy beak

insects: sharp, pointed beak

meat: hooked beak

Tell how each body covering helps the animal survive:

feathers - keep birds warm, help them fly

fur or hair - helps keep them warm

scales

on fish - protection from disease and other animals

on reptiles - protection from injury and keep them from drying out

Describe 3 examples of animals that use camouflage as an adaptation. (possible answers)

- 1. Alligator's dark skin blends into the swamp
- 2. Toad's bumpy brownish skin blends into the forest floor
- 3. <u>Snowshoe hare's fur changes color in winter and summer white</u> to blend in with the snow in the winter, and brown to blend in with the ground in the summer.

Describe 3 examples of animals that use mimicry as an adaptation.

- 1. Viceroy butterfly looks like a monarch which tastes bad to birds
- 2. <u>Harmless milk snake looks like a venomous coral snake</u>
- 3. Leaf katydid looks like the leaf it lives on